

BIOL 319: Aging Physiology&age-relat dis

Defines aging, reviews the theories of aging, and examines the physical changes in body systems associated with aging including changes in the cardiovascular, endocrine, gastrointestinal, immune, integumentary, musculoskeletal, nervous, reproductive, respiratory, sensory, and urinary systems.

Credits: 1

Program:

Biology

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

Essential Learning Outcomes: ELO #3: Knowledge of the Physical and Natural World
ELO #4: Intellectual and Practical Skills